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# NATURAL SCIENCE

# **NUTRITION II**

**CIRCULATORY SYSTEM & EXCRETORY SYSTEM** 

# **NUTRITION II**

# **CIRCULATORY SYSTEM & EXCRETORY SYSTEM**

In this unit we are going to learn about:

- 1. Circulatory System
  - 1.1. Blood
  - 1.2. Blood vessels
  - 1.3. The heart
  - 1.4. Blood circulation
- 2. Excretory System
  - 2.1. What is excretion?
  - 2.2. Urinary system
  - 2.3. Sweat glands



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# 1. THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM

# **CIRCULATION**

Circulation is the movement of blood through the circulatory system. Circulation transports substances. The circulatory system is made up of the **blood**, the **blood vessels** and **the heart**.

### **1.1. BLOOD**

**Blood** is the only <u>tissue</u> in our body that is **liquid**. This red, viscous liquid reaches all the cells in our body and transports nutrients, oxygen, carbon dioxide and waste. An adult human has about 5 litters of blood in their body.

Blood is made up of plasma, which is the liquid part, and blood cells:

# **PLASMA**

•Plasma is a clear fluid which is ninety percent water. It transports nutrients, waste products, hormones and some other substances (sugar, salt...) around the body.

## **RED BLOOD CELLS**

•Red blood cells are the most numerous. They carry oxygen and carbon dioxide. Red blood cells contain a chemical called haemoglobin. The haemoglobin attracts the oxygen as the blood passes through the lungs. Red blood cells don't have a nucleus. They are produced in the bone marrow, which is the soft part found in the centre of large bones. They make blood red and live for approximately 110 days!!

#### WHITE BLOOD CELLS

•White blood cells protect the body from germs, illnesses and infections.

# **PLATELETS**

•Platelets are cell fragments that attach to the walls of blood vessels when you have a wound. Platelets join together and help stop the bleeding forming a thick clot. When the clot dries, it becomes a scab. This process is called coagulation.



# 1.3. THE HEART

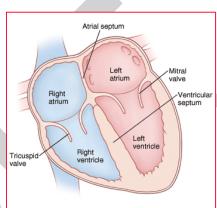
The heart is a hollow organ made up of muscles. These muscles contract and relax all the time to pump blood around the body. The heart is located in the thoracic cavity. It lies a little to the left of the middle of the chest, between the two lungs. It is the size of your fist. The heart is divided into two halves, separated by a thick wall of muscle. Each half is made up of two different areas, called chambers. Therefore, the heart has four chambers. The two upper chambers are called atria and the two lower chambers are called ventricles. Blood passes from the atria to the ventricles.

# 1. ATRIA

•These are the two **upper** chambers of the heart (the left and the right atrium). Blood from the **veins** enters

# 2. VENTRICLES

•These are the two **lower** chambers of the heart. Blood <u>leaves</u> the heart from here and travels through <u>arteries</u>.



A valve connects each atrium ...

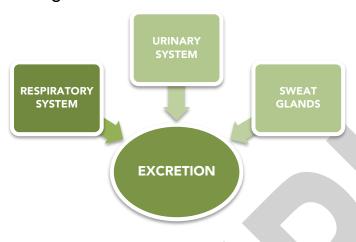


# 2. THE EXCRETORY SYSTEM

# 2.1. EXCRETION

Bodily functions produce waste substances that pass into the blood. If waste accumulates, it can harm the body.

**Excretion** is the elimination of waste substances from the **blood**. This process is carried out by the **respiratory system** and the **excretory system**, which is made up of the **urinary system** and the **sweat glands**.



### BREATHE IN, BREATHE OUT

The respiratory system is involved in both nutrition and excretion. It obtains the oxygen we need to live when we breathe in. When we breathe out, it eliminates carbon dioxide, a waste substance produced in our body.

### 2.2. THE URINARY SYSTEM

The **urinary system** produces and expels urine. It is the main way in which body gets rid of waste from blood. It is made up of:

#### **KIDNEYS**

• The **kidneys** are two oval-shaped organs located in the lower back, at both sides of the spinal column. They contain thousands of tiny tubes that **filter the blood** and retain waste substances which make up urine.

#### **URETERS**

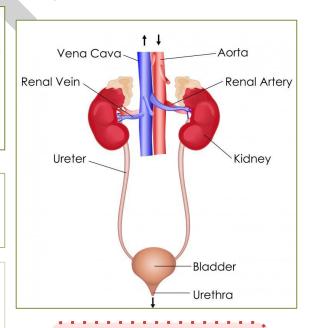
• The **ureters** are two tubes that carry urine from the kidneys to the bladder.

#### **RIADDER**

•The **bladder** is a <u>muscular</u> organ that stores urine until it is exprelled from the body.

# **URETHRA**

•The urethra is a tube. Urine is expelled through this tube.



The normal capacity of the bladder is 400-600 ml



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