

# ACTIVITIES

## UNIT 2. POPULATION

### CHECK YOUR LEARNING

#### 1. Complete

- The study of population is called \_\_\_\_\_
- The population of the world is \_\_\_\_\_
- Population density is \_\_\_\_\_
- Population changes all the time because \_\_\_\_\_

#### 2. Answer.

- If lots of people are born and few people die, does the population increase or decrease? Explain \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- If there are more immigrants than emigrants, the population of the country increases or decreases? \_\_\_\_\_

#### 3. Use these facts to calculate natural growth in Spain in 2012.

- Births: 455, 000      - Deaths: 403,000

**4. Use these facts to calculate net migration in Spain in 2012.**

- Emigrants: 455, 000      - Immigrants: 403,000

**5. Look at the pie chart.**

✓ Which group age is smallest?

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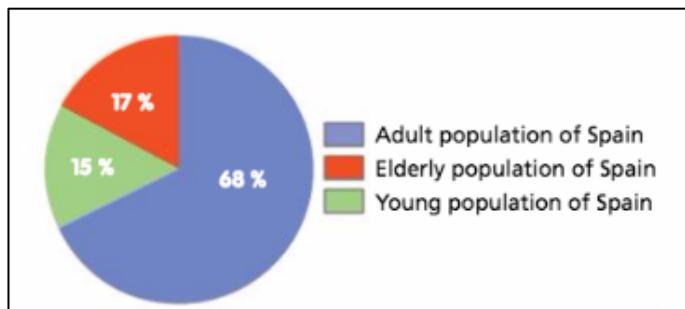
✓ Using the pie chart explain why the Spanish population is an ageing population.

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✓ Which age group is part of the active population? \_\_\_\_\_

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**6. Match.**

A The fertility rate of a country tells us ...

B Natural changes in population are caused by ....

C Changes can also be caused by ...

D The reason for immigration include ....

E Europe's fertility rate ...

\_\_\_ 1. Wars or natural disasters

\_\_\_ 2. The average number of children per family

\_\_\_ 3. Births and deaths

\_\_\_ 4. Is about 1.6 children per family

\_\_\_ 5. Migration

**7. Complete.**

- a. Spain's population density is \_\_\_\_\_
- b. The \_\_\_\_\_ rate is 1.47 children per family
- c. Spain's population \_\_\_\_\_ - a lot between 2000 and 2011
- d. Many immigrants have left Spain because of \_\_\_\_\_ .

**8. Write the corresponding words.**

- a. \_\_\_\_\_ People that leave a country to find work or better conditions.
- b. \_\_\_\_\_ The average number of children per family.
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ The movement of people from one area to another.
- d. \_\_\_\_\_ Changes to population caused by births or deaths.
- e. \_\_\_\_\_ The average number of people living in each square kilometer.
- f. \_\_\_\_\_ People that arrive in a country looking for work or better conditions.





**9. Complete the boxes; then color the pictures.**

a. Emigrants are people who leave a country.

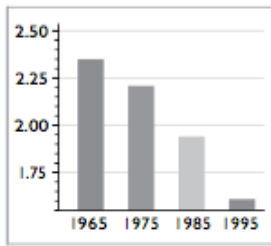
b. The fertility rate is the number of children per family.

c. When there are more births than deaths, the population increases.

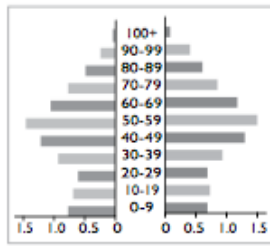
d. Immigrants are people that arrive in a country.

<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>		<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
		
		
<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>		<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>

10. Write the names of these graphs or charts



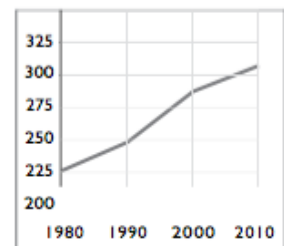
a) \_\_\_\_\_



b) \_\_\_\_\_



c) \_\_\_\_\_



d) \_\_\_\_\_

11. Use the information in the table to label the pie charts.

**Spain's population by age**

**Spain's population by religion**

Population groups in Spain	
Catholic	70.9%
Muslim	3.6%
No religion	24.6%
Other religion	0.9%
0-14 years old	15.4%
15-64 years old	67.1%
65+ years old	17.5%

**12. Complete the sentences to describe population groups**

Gender	religious	ethnic	age
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- a. Catholic, Protestant and Muslim are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ groups.
- b. People with a common language and culture belong to the same \_\_\_\_\_ group.
- c. There are two categories in \_\_\_\_\_ groups: male and female.
- d. \_\_\_\_\_ groups divide the population according to how old they are.

**13. What happens to the population when...**

- the birth rate is higher than the death rate? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

- the number of immigrants is lower than the number of emigrants? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**14. What is the difference between the active population and the employed population?**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_